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     4 Feb 24
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     5 Feb 26 NTIS now allows simultaneous left and right truncation
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     6 Feb 26 PCTFULL now contains images
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     7 Mar 04 SDI PACKAGE for monthly delivery of multifile SDI results
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        Mar 24
                Additional information for trade-named substances without
                 structures available in REGISTRY
        Apr 11
NEWS 10
                Display formats in DGENE enhanced
NEWS 11
        Apr 14
                MEDLINE Reload
NEWS 12
        Apr 17
                Polymer searching in REGISTRY enhanced
                Indexing from 1947 to 1956 added to records in CA/CAPLUS
NEWS 13
         Jun 13
NEWS 14
        Apr 21
                New current-awareness alert (SDI) frequency in
                 WPIDS/WPINDEX/WPIX
NEWS 15
        Apr 28
                RDISCLOSURE now available on STN
                Pharmacokinetic information and systematic chemical names
NEWS 16 May 05
                 added to PHAR
        May 15
NEWS 17
                MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER reloaded
NEWS 18
        May 15
                Supporter information for ENCOMPPAT and ENCOMPLIT updated
NEWS 19
        May 19
                Simultaneous left and right truncation added to WSCA
NEWS 20 May 19
                RAPRA enhanced with new search field, simultaneous left and
                 right truncation
NEWS 21 Jun 06
                Simultaneous left and right truncation added to CBNB
NEWS 22 Jun 06 PASCAL enhanced with additional data
NEWS 23 Jun 20 2003 edition of the FSTA Thesaurus is now available
NEWS 24 Jun 25 HSDB has been reloaded
NEWS 25 Jul 16 Data from 1960-1976 added to RDISCLOSURE
NEWS 26 Jul 21 Identification of STN records implemented
NEWS 27 Jul 21
                Polymer class term count added to REGISTRY
                INPADOC: Basic index (/BI) enhanced; Simultaneous Left and
NEWS 28 Jul 22
                 Right Truncation available
NEWS EXPRESS
             April 4 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01a, CURRENT
             MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0b(ENG) AND V6.0Jb(JP),
             AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 APRIL 2003
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             General Internet Information
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             Welcome Banner and News Items
             Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
NEWS PHONE
NEWS WWW
             CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 30 Jul 2003 VOL 139 ISS 5 FILE LAST UPDATED: 29 Jul 2003 (20030729/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s silica (1a) alumina

412333 SILICA

3124 SILICAS

412670 SILICA

(SILICA OR SILICAS)

234518 ALUMINA

2332 ALUMINAS

234775 ALUMINA

(ALUMINA OR ALUMINAS)

L1 19962 SILICA (1A) ALUMINA

=> s silica alumina

412333 SILICA

3124 SILICAS

412670 SILICA

(SILICA OR SILICAS)

234518 ALUMINA

2332 ALUMINAS

234775 ALUMINA

(ALUMINA OR ALUMINAS)

L2 8208 SILICA ALUMINA

(SILICA(W)ALUMINA)

=> s s l2 and (fischer (la) tropsch or hydrocarbon? (la) synthesi?) MISSING OPERATOR S L2
The search profile that was entered contains terms or nested terms that are not separated by a logical operator.

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=> s 12 and (fischer (la) tropsch or hydrocarbon? (la) synthesi?)
         20662 FISCHER
            25 FISCHERS
         20672 FISCHER
                 (FISCHER OR FISCHERS)
          6450 TROPSCH
          6364 FISCHER (1A) TROPSCH
        456537 HYDROCARBON?
       1274840 SYNTHESI?
          3512 HYDROCARBON? (1A) SYNTHESI?
L3
            51 L2 AND (FISCHER (1A) TROPSCH OR HYDROCARBON? (1A) SYNTHESI?)
=> s 13 and (Group VIII or cobalt)
       1315240 GROUP
        857301 GROUPS
       1843817 GROUP
                 (GROUP OR GROUPS)
         98281 VIII
             5 VIIIS
         98283 VIII
                 (VIII OR VIIIS)
         11232 GROUP VIII
                 (GROUP(W)VIII)
        317910 COBALT
            92 COBALTS
        317917 COBALT
                 (COBALT OR COBALTS)
L4
            14 L3 AND (GROUP VIII OR COBALT)
=> s 13 and surface area
       1833986 SURFACE
        359482 SURFACES
       1982045 SURFACE
                 (SURFACE OR SURFACES)
        488889 AREA
        221744 AREAS
        664000 AREA
                 (AREA OR AREAS)
        105238 SURFACE AREA
                 (SURFACE (W) AREA)
L5
             6 L3 AND SURFACE AREA
=> s 15 or 14
            17 L5 OR L4
=> d 16 ibib ab 1-17
   ANSWER 1 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2003:545775 CAPLUS
TITLE:
                         Method and apparatus for producing high molecular
                         weight liquid hydrocarbons from methane and/or natural
INVENTOR(S):
                         Harford, Steven Thomas; Borsa, Alessandro Giorgio;
                         Vanderborgh, Nicholas Ernest
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Blue Star Sustainable Technologies Corporation, USA
SOURCE:
                         U.S., 6 pp.
                         CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
                         1
PATENT INFORMATION:
```

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ----------US 6593377 В1 20030715 US 2002-83176 20020226 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-83176 20020226 A mixt. of natural gas and air is converted to a C5-C19 diesel fuel-grade liq. hydrocarbon. The natural gas and air mixt. is supplied to the input of a catalytic partial oxidn. reactor. The carbon-contg. gas output of the catalytic partial oxidn. reactor is connected as an input to a first Fischer-Tropsch reactor, to thereby form a first diesel fuel grade C5-C19 liq. hydrocarbon output. A carbon-contg. gas output of the first Fischer-Tropsch reactor is connected to the input of a second Fischer-Tropsch reactor, to thereby form a second diesel fuel grade C5-C19 liq. hydrocarbon output. The catalytic partial oxidn. reactor contains a platinum group catalyst, a promoted platinum group catalyst, a rhodium catalyst, or a platinum promoted rhodium catalyst. Each of the Fischer-Tropsch reactors contain a catalyst that is made up of from about 3 to about 60 parts-by-wt. cobalt and from about 0.1 to about 100 parts-by-wt. of at least one metal selected from a group consisting of cerium, lanthanum and ruthenium per 100 parts-by-wt. of a support selected from a group consisting of silica, alumina and combinations of silica and alumina, and more preferably a catalyst that is made up of about 20 percent by wt. cobalt, about 0.1 percent by wt. ruthenium, about 0.1 percent by wt. platinum, the remainder being an alumina support. 7 REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ANSWER 2 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:202591 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:240423 Promoted catalysts and Fischer-TITLE: Tropsch processes INVENTOR(S): Ionkina, Olga P.; Makar, Kamel M.; Manzer, Leo E.; Subramanian, Munirpallam A. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Conoco Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ----- ----- ---- ----_____ A2 20030313 WO 2002-US27726 20020830 WO 2003020665 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG US 2003065043 A1 20030403 US 2002-230496 20020829 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2001-316826P P 20010831 US 2002-230496 A 20020829

AB A process is disclosed for producing hydrocarbons. The process involves

contacting a feed stream comprising hydrogen and carbon monoxide with a catalyst in a reaction zone maintained at conversion-promoting conditions effective to produce an effluent stream comprising hydrocarbons. In accordance with this invention, the catalyst used in the process includes at least a Fischer-Tropsch metal and a promoter selected from the group consisting of molybdenum, tin, gallium, and zinc. The Fischer-Tropsch metal preferably includes cobalt. The catalyst may also include a support material selected from the group including silica, titania, titania/alumina, zirconia, alumina, silica-alumina, aluminum fluoride, and fluorided aluminas.

1.6 ANSWER 3 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:634311 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:171390

TITLE:

Fischer-Tropsch process for the synthesis of hydrocarbons from

synthesis gas in the presence of a catalyst comprising a Group VIIIB metal supported on a

silica-alumina mixture

INVENTOR(S):

Roy-Auberger, Magalie; Courty, Philippe; Revel,

Renaud; Zennaro, Roberto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Institut Français Du Petrole, Fr.; Eni S.P.A.; Agip

Petroli S.P.A.

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 14 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent French

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION: DAMENIM NO

| PA | PATENT NO. | | | KI | 4D | DATE | | | A | PPLI | CATI | ои ис |). | DATE | | | |
|---------|------------|------|------|-----|------|------|------|--------------------|-------|------|------|---------|-----|------|------|-----|-----|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EP | EP 1233011 | | A. | l. | 2002 | 0821 | | EP 2002-290205 200 | | | 2002 | 0020129 | | | | | |
| | R: | ΑT, | BE, | CH, | DE, | DK, | ES, | FR, | GB, | GR, | IT, | LI, | LU, | NL, | SE, | MC, | PT, |
| | | | | | | FI, | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FR | 2821 | 074 | | A. | 1 | 2002 | 0823 | | Fl | R 20 | 01-2 | 241 | | 2001 | 0216 | | |
| NO | 2002 | 0007 | 75 | Α | | 2002 | 0819 | | N | 20 | 02-7 | 75 | | 2002 | 0215 | | |
| US | 2002 | 1328 | 65 | A. | 1 | 2002 | 0919 | | U: | 5 20 | 02-7 | 5235 | | 2002 | 0215 | | |
| PRIORIT | Y APP | LN. | INFO | .: | | | | | FR 20 | 001- | 2241 | | Α | 2001 | 0216 | | |
| | | | | | | | | 1 | US 20 | 000- | 1863 | 00P | P | 2000 | 0301 | | |

AB Hydrocarbons are manufd. in high yield from synthesis gas in the presence of a catalyst comprising a Group VIIIB metal supported on a silica -alumina mixt. which support is is prepd. by copptn. and calcination at 500-1200.degree. over .gtoreq.6 h in such a manner such that the silica-alumina has a BET surface area of <260 m2/g; the catalyst may be used in a fixed bed, or in

a liq.-phase suspension in a triphasic reactor.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 4 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN L6

2

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:107223 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:153771

TITLE:

Steam-water oxidation for activation of cobalt

-based catalyst precursors for Fischer-

Tropsch reaction

INVENTOR(S):

Clavenna, Leroy Russell; Woo, Hyung Suk; Mauldin, Charles Harrison; Wachter, William Augustine

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Exxonmobil Research and Engineering Company, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2002009871 A2 20020207 WO 2001-US22026 20010713

WO 2002009871 A3 20020418

W: AU, CA, JP, NO, SG

RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,

PT, SE, TR

US 6521565 B1 20030218 US 2000-630278 20000801 EP 1325098 A2 20030709 EP 2001-952691 20010713

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

IE, FI, CY, TR

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2000-630278 A 20000801 WO 2001-US22026 W 20010713

AB A catalyst precursor for the Fischer-Tropsch reaction, comprising a composite of solids (e.g., a metal component, or a metal salt or metal compd.) on a solids support, is activated prior to hydrogenation by low-temp. contact with steam or liq. water sufficient to oxidize and convert the metal component(s) to a metal hydroxide or low-valent metal oxide. The catalysts consist of cobalt and a Group VIIB metal or a Group VIII metal (other than cobalt, thorium, or copper), preferably cobalt-ruthenium or cobalt-rhenium. Suitable supports include zeolites, alumina, silica silica-alumina, titania (rutile), zirconia, and zirconia-silicates.

L6 ANSWER 5 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:868304 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:8879

TITLE: Ferrihydrite-phase iron-based Fischer-

Tropsch catalysts for production of paraffins,

olefins, and alcohols

INVENTOR(S):
Dlamini, Thulani Humphrey; Espinoza, Rafael Luis;

Joorst, Genevieve

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sasol Technology (Proprietary) Limited, S. Afr.;

Mdleleni, Masikana Millan; Visagie, Jacobus Lucas

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATI | ENT 1 | NO. | | KII | ND | DATE | | | A | PPLI | CATI | ON NO | ٥. | DATE | | | |
|----------|-------|------|-----|-----|-----|----------|------|-----|-----|------|------|-------|-----|------|------|-----|-----|
| WO 2 | 2001 | 0896 | 86 | A. | 2 | 2001 | 1129 | | W | 20 | 01-I | B904 | | 2001 | 0523 | | |
| WO 2 | 2001 | 0896 | 86 | A: | 3 | 20020404 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | W: | ΑE, | AG, | AL, | AM, | AT, | AU, | ΑZ, | BA, | BB, | BG, | BR, | BY, | BZ, | CA, | CH, | CN, |
| | | co, | CR, | CU, | CZ, | DE, | DK, | DM, | DZ, | EC, | EE, | ES, | FI, | GB, | GD, | GΕ, | GH, |
| | | GM, | HR, | HU, | ID, | ΙL, | IN, | IS, | JP, | KE, | KG, | KP, | KR, | KZ, | LC, | LK, | LR, |
| | | LS, | LT, | LU, | LV, | MA, | MD, | MG, | MK, | MN, | MW, | MX, | MZ, | NO, | NZ, | PL, | PT, |
| | | RO, | RU, | SD, | SE, | SG, | SI, | SK, | SL, | ТJ, | TM, | TR, | TT, | TZ, | UA, | UG, | US, |
| | | UZ, | VN, | YU, | ZA, | ZW, | AM, | ΑZ, | BY, | KG, | KZ, | MD, | RU, | ТJ, | TM | | |
| | RW: | GH, | GM, | KE, | LS, | MW, | ΜZ, | SD, | SL, | SZ, | TZ, | ŬĠ, | ZW, | AT, | BE, | CH, | CY, |
| | | DE, | DK, | ES, | FI, | FR, | GB, | GR, | ΙE, | IT, | LU, | MC, | NL, | PT, | SE, | TR, | BF, |
| | | ВJ, | CF, | CG, | CI, | CM, | GA, | GN, | GW, | ML, | MR, | NE, | SN, | TD, | TG | | |
| PRIORITY | APP | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2000 | | | |

US 2000-206523P P 20000523 ZA 2000-2549 A 20000523 AB An iron-based Fischer-Tropsch catalyst is described in which >75% of the iron phase is ferrihydrite. The catalyst compn. includes structural promoters selected from Mn and Cr, chem. promoters (selected from Mg, Zn, Cu, Ru, Pd, Rh, and alkali and alk. earth metals), and 1-30 wt.% of a refractory inorg. oxide (selected from SiO2, Al2O3, or silica-alumina). Such compns. have a surface area of 100-200 m2/g. The catalyst compn. produces significant yields of higher paraffins, olefins, and alcs.

L6 ANSWER 6 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:615570 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:182902

TITLE: Process for synthesis of

hydrocarbons in the presence of a catalyst

comprising group VIII metals supported on silica-alumina

INVENTOR(S): Roy-Auberger, Magalie; Courty, Philippe; Normand,

Laurent; Zennaro, Roberto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Institut Francais Du Petrole, Fr.; Agip Petroli

S.P.A.; Eni S.P.A.

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 12 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----____ _____ EP 2001-400236 EP 1126008 **A**1 20010822 20010130 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO FR 2804689 FR 2000-1618 A1 20010810 20000208 FR 2804689 В1 20020315 CA 2334498 AA 20010808 CA 2001-2334498 20010207 NO 2001000646 Α 20010809 NO 2001-646 20010207 US 2002013375 20020131 US 2001-778842 A1 20010208 US 6465530 В2 20021015

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 2000-1618 A 20000208

AB Hydrocarbons are produced from a synthesis gas contg. CO and H2 in the presence of a catalyst contg. .gtoreq.l Group VIII

metal (e.g., Co) on a **silica-alumina** support (**surface area** <260 m2/g) prepd. by co-prepn. and

calcining for .gtoreq.6 h at 500-1,200.degree. Optionally, the catalyst also contains .gtoreq.1 metal from a group of Ru, Mo, Ta, Pt, and Pd

and/or .gtoreq.1 oxide from a group of La, Pr, and Nd.

REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 7 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:376834 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:369218

TITLE: Production of middle distillates from linear paraffins

by hydrocracking

INVENTOR(S): Calemma, Vincenzo; Peratello, Stefano; Perego, Carlo;

Pavoni, Silvia; Guanziroli, Silvia

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Agip Petroli S.p.A., Italy; Enitecnologie S.p.A.

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 23 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND DAT | E A | PPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|----------------------|------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|
| | | | | |
| EP 1101813 | A1 200 | 10523 E | P 2000-204037 | 20001116 |
| R: AT, BE, | CH, DE, DK | , ES, FR, GB, | GR, IT, LI, LU | , NL, SE, MC, PT, |
| | LT, LV, FI | | | |
| IT 99MI2425 | A1 200 | 10521 I | T 1999-MI2425 | 19991119 |
| IT 2000MI1819 | A1 200 | 20204 I | T 2000-MI1819 | 20000804 |
| NO 2000005840 | A 200 | 10521 N | O 2000-5840 | 20001117 |
| US 6544407 | B1 200 | 30408 U | S 2000-714136 | 20001117 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO | .: | IT 1 | 999-MI2425 A | 19991119 |
| | | IT 2 | 000-MI1819 A | 20000804 |

AB A mixt. of linear hydrocarbons contg. .gtoreq.20% fraction b. >370.degree. is subjected to hydrocracking at 250-450.degree. and 0.5-15 MPa so that .gtoreq.40% (preferably 60-95%) of the high-boiling fraction is converted to a fraction b. <370.degree. The hydrocracking is carried out in the presence of a catalyst consisting of (1) an acidic calcined silica -alumina gel support (amorphous to x-rays, SiO2/Al2O3 mol ratio of (30-500):1, surface area of 500-1,000 m2/g, porosity 0.2-0.8 mL/g, av. pore diam. 10-40 .ANG.) and (2) 0.05-5 wt.% noble metal(s), esp. Pt or Pd. The resulting middle distillate is sepd. to kerosene and gas oil fractions. Preferably, the process is suitable for treatment of byproducts from the Fischer-Tropsch

process.

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 8 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:155042 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:159648

TITLE: Process for hydroisomerization of waxy hydrocarbon

feeds over a slurried catalyst

INVENTOR(S): Davis, Stephen Mark; Johnson, Jack Wayne; Mart,

Charles John; Ryan, Daniel Francis; Wittenbrink,

Robert Jay

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Exxon Research and Engineering Co., USA

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 10 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| | PAT | ENT NO. | | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|---------|------------|-------|--------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| | | | | | | | |
| | EΡ | 753563 | | A1 | 19970115 | EP 1996-110796 | 19960704 |
| | EP | 753563 | | B1 | 19991103 | | |
| | | R: BE, | , DE, | FR, GB | , IT, NL | | |
| | CA | 2179093 | | AA | 19970115 | CA 1996-2179093 | 19960613 |
| | JP | 09169984 | 4 | A2 | 19970630 | JP 1996-199821 | 19960710 |
| | NO | 9602940 | | Α | 19970115 | NO 1996-2940 | 19960712 |
| | ΑU | 9660511 | | A1 | 19970123 | AU 1996-60511 | 19960712 |
| | ΑU | 702829 | | B2 | 19990304 | | |
| 1 | - T m 1 | N D D T AT | TNIDO | _ | | *** 1005 500006 | 10050714 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 1995-502336 19950714

AB A hydroisomerization process for the conversion of a C5+ paraffinic feedstock, esp. a Fischer-Tropsch wax, and hydrogen, to middle distillates by contact thereof at hydroisomerization reaction conditions with a catalyst comprised of a Group IB metal, a Group VIB metal, a Group VIII metal, or mixt. of two or more of said metals, supported on silica-alumina slurried in a paraffinic liq. The catalyst particles are contained in the slurry in

concn. greater than .apprx.10% preferably greater than .apprx.25% and the av. diam. of the particles range from .apprx.30 .mu.m to .apprx.150 .mu.m, preferably from .apprx.40 .mu.m to .apprx.60 .mu.m.

L6 ANSWER 9 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:342190 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:60846

TITLE: ZSM-5 as a support for cobalt

Fischer-Tropsch catalysts

AUTHOR(S): Bessell, S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Melbourne Laboratories, BHP Research, Clayton, 3169,

Australia

SOURCE: Studies in Surface Science and Catalysis (1994),

81 (Natural Gas Conversion II), 461-6

CODEN: SSCTDM; ISSN: 0167-2991

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB ZSM-5 silica/alumina ratio and crystal size were

investigated for their effect on the performance of Co/ZSM-5

Fischer-Tropsch catalysts. Carbon monoxide conversion

was enhanced by the use of high alumina and small crystallite ZSM-5 supports, while assocd. product selectivities were shifted from methane to higher hydrocarbons which were lighter and more branched. The increased activity and higher hydrocarbon selectivity of the high alumina ZSM-5 supported catalysts were ascribed to the obsd. increase in the capacity for carbon monoxide adsorption relative to hydrogen, while the increased lightness and branching in the product were ascribed to the enhancement of the secondary acid catalyzed oligomerization, isomerization, and cracking reactions due to the increased concn. of strong Broensted acid sites. The improvement of carbon monoxide conversion obtained when small crystal ZSM-5 supports were used was most probably a result of an increased external surface area upon which to disperse the

cobalt metal. The enhancement of the secondary acid catalyzed reactions obtained when small crystal ZSM-5 supports were used indicated that the restructuring took place on external acid sites and acid sites close to the pore mouths of the ZSM-5, rather than deep within the zeolite. Lighter hydrocarbons were more prone to this secondary restructuring than longer chained hydrocarbons.

L6 ANSWER 10 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:274975 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:274975

TITLE: Promoting effects of thoria and molybdena on

cobalt catalysts in the hydrogenation of CO

AUTHOR(S): Chen, Y.Z.; Wang, T.H.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem. Eng., Natl. Cent. Univ., ChungLi, 32054,

Taiwan

SOURCE: Catalysis Letters (1993), 22(3), 165-77

CODEN: CALEER; ISSN: 1011-372X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Thoria- or molybdena-promoted Co/silica (alumina) catalysts were prepd. by co-impregnation. The catalysts were characterized by temp. programmed redn. and temp. programmed surface reaction techniques and hydrogenation of carbon monoxide. Thoria enhanced not only the activity but also the selectivity of olefins and long-chain alkanes. Molybdena effectively promoted only the activity, but did not alter the product distribution pattern. Thoria and molybdena exhibited a tendency to spread onto and to interact intimately with alumina; the promoting effects on alumina were much less pronounced than on silica.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993:521095 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

119:121095

TITLE: INVENTOR(S): Process for the preparation of middle distillates

Van Ballegoy, Carolus Maria; Daamen, Jacobus

Theodorus; Gilson, Jean Pierre; Klazinga, Aan Hendrik;

Hoek, Arend

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Shell Internationale Research Maatschappij B. V.,

Neth.

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 10 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. DATE |
|--------|--------------------------------|---|
| | | |
| A1 | 19930421 | EP 1992-202740 19920909 |
| B1 | 19970502 | |
| FR, GB | , IT, NL | |
| AΑ | 19930313 | CA 1992-2077936 19920910 |
| Α | 19930315 | NO 1992-3523 19920910 |
| A1 | 19930318 | AU 1992-23514 19920910 |
| B2 | 19941013 | |
| Α | 19930428 | ZA 1992-5893 19920910 |
| Α | 19930428 | ZA 1992-6893 19920910 |
| A2 | 19940215 | JP 1992-266820 19920910 |
| B2 | 20010917 | |
| | A1 B1 FR, GB AA A A1 B2 A A A1 | A1 19930421 B1 19970502 FR, GB, IT, NL AA 19930313 A 19930315 A1 19930318 B2 19941013 A 19930428 A 19930428 A 19930428 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

GB 1991-19505 A 19910912

Middle distillates are prepd. from a hydrocarbon feed by contacting the feed at elevated temp. and pressure in the presence of H with a catalyst contg. Pt supported on a silica-alumina carrier prepd. from an amorphous silica-alumina starting material having a pore vol. of >1.0 mL/g. The hydrocarbon feed is obtained by a

Fischer-Tropsch synthesis and has a fraction with b.p. higher than that of the middle distillates.

ANSWER 12 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993:452709 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

119:52709

TITLE:

Process for the activation of a Fischer-

Tropsch catalyst

INVENTOR(S):

Hu, Michael C.; Ansorge, Joachim

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Shell Canada Ltd., Can.

SOURCE:

Can. Pat. Appl., 25 pp.

CODEN: CPXXEB

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. DATE |
|---------------------------|-------------|----------------------|---|
| CA 2076324 EP 533228 | AA A1 | 19930221 19930324 | CA 1992-2076324 19920818 EP 1992-202517 19920817 |
| EP 533228 | B1 | 19961106 | EP 1992-202317 19920817 |
| R: DE, FR, NO 9203236 | GB, IT A | , NL 19930222 | NO 1992-3236 19920818 |
| AU 9221129 | A1 | 19930225 | AU 1992-21129 19920818 |
| AU 646176 | B2 | 19940210 | TR 1000 040000 10000010 |
| JP 05200314 JP 3361552 | A2 B2 | 19930810 20030107 | JP 1992-240080 19920818 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 1991-17948 A 19910820

AB A Fischer-Tropsch catalyst, e.g., Co on silica, alumina, titania, or their mixts. as a carrier with a Zr promoter, is activated by contacting the catalyst with a H2-contg. gas in a first stage at a pressure of .ltoreq.5 bar, rapidly increasing the pressure to .gtoreq.10 bar, and then contacting the catalyst with a H2-contg. gas in a second stage at this pressure. The process may also be used to reactivate an at least partially exhausted catalyst. The catalyst, once activated, may be used in the synthesis of hydrocarbons from H2 and CO.

L6 ANSWER 13 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:431359 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:31359

TITLE: Silica modified hydroisomerization catalyst

INVENTOR(S): Davis, Stephen M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Exxon Research and Engineering Co., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 11 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Facence English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-----------------------|--------|----------|------------------|----------|
| | | | | |
| US 5187138 | A | 19930216 | US 1991-760266 | 19910916 |
| CA 2077006 | AA | 19930317 | CA 1992-2077006 | 19920827 |
| CA 2077006 | С | 20011204 | | |
| NO 9203502 | Α | 19930317 | NO 1992-3502 | 19920909 |
| EP 533451 | A2 | 19930324 | EP 1992-308415 | 19920916 |
| EP 533451 | A3 | 19930414 | | |
| EP 533451 | B1 | 19971119 | | |
| R: DE, FR, | GB, IT | , NL | | |
| US 5292989 | Α | 19940308 | US 1993-1955 | 19930108 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO. | : | τ | JS 1991-760266 A | 19910916 |

AB A catalyst useful for hydroisomerizing wax-contg. feeds comprises a **Group VIII** metal on an alumina or **silica**-

alumina support having <35% silica and is surface treated with .gtorsim.0.5 % silica or silica precursor. The silica used as a surface modifying agent adds somewhat different acidity to the catalyst than if a like amt. is used in the bulk support. The use of silica as a surface-modifying agent enhances cold flow properties, e.g., freeze point, particularly the pour point, of the resulting isomerate, resulting from increased branching of the product relative to the feed. Other benefits include improved catalyst activity and reduced selectivity for dry gas (light gas prodn.).

L6 ANSWER 14 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:155106 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:155106

TITLE: Identification of novel catalysts and conditions for

the highly efficient and stable heterogeneous

oligomerization of ethylene

AUTHOR(S): Burwell, Robert L., Jr. CORPORATE SOURCE: Northwestern Univ., IL, USA

SOURCE: Chemtracts: Inorganic Chemistry (1991), 3(4), 242-4

CODEN: CICHED; ISSN: 1051-7227

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Amorphous SiO2-Al2O3 (SiO2/Al2O3 = 72:1, surface area

= 450 m2 g-1) supported Ni catalysts (prepd. by impregnation or ion

exchange) were developed for ethylene oligomerization in relation to manuf. of gasoline and diesel fuel-range hydrocarbons. The ion exchange-prepd. catalyst is a better catalyst for C2H4 conversion to diesel fuel, since it produced a C10+ fraction of 41% vs. 23% for the impregnation-prepd. catalyst. The catalyst can be used in the conversion of C2H4 from the Fischer-Tropsch Synthol process (Sasol, South Africa) and Mobil process (MeOH conversion into hydrocarbons); other sources of C2H4 (e.g., oxidative coupling of CH4) for the oligomerization are also taken into account.

ANSWER 15 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

1992:109921 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:109921

TITLE: Process for the conversion of methanol into liquid

hydrocarbons

INVENTOR(S): Scheffer, Bob; Kortbeek, Andras Guus Theodorus George

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shell Internationale Research Maatschappij B. V.,

Neth.

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 6 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|----------------------|------------|--------------|-----------------|----------|
| | | | | |
| EP 455308 | A2 | 19911106 | EP 1991-201048 | 19910502 |
| EP 455308 | A 3 | 19920108 | | |
| EP 455308 | B1 | 19940824 | | |
| R: BE, DE, | DK, ES | , FR, GB, IT | , NL, SE | |
| AU 9176074 | A1 | 19911107 | AU 1991-76074 | 19910429 |
| AU 631310 | B2 | 19921119 | | |
| CA 2041724 | AA | 19911105 | CA 1991-2041724 | 19910502 |
| JP 04227789 | A2 | 19920817 | JP 1991-128252 | 19910502 |
| ES 2059036 | Т3 | 19941101 | ES 1991-201048 | 19910502 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO | .: | | GB 1990-10076 | 19900504 |

Hydrocarbons are prepd. from the conversion of MeOH feed at elevated temp. and pressure in the presence of a catalyst comprising (1) a porous carrier selected from silica, alumina, and their mixts., (2) Co as a metal component deposited on the carries, and (3) a promoter selected from Zr, Ti, Cr, Ru, Fe, Mg, Zn, Th, and U. The feed may further comprise H or synthesis gas. In cases where the feed comprises both MeOH and synthesis gas, MeOH in the feed may be prepd. from synthesis gas remaining after contact with the said catalyst.

ANSWER 16 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:63119 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:63119

TITLE: Hydrocarbon synthesis from carbon

monoxide + hydrogen on impregnated cobalt

catalysts. III. Cobalt (10%)/

silica-alumina catalysts

AUTHOR(S): Rathousky, J.; Zukal, A.; Lapidus, A.; Krylova, A. CORPORATE SOURCE: J. Heyrovsky Inst. Phys. Chem. Electrochem., Prague,

182 23, Czech.

SOURCE: Applied Catalysis, A: General (1991), 79(2), 167-80

CODEN: ACAGE4; ISSN: 0166-9834

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The physicochem. properties of 10% Co/SiO2-Al2O3 catalysts prepd. by impregnation were studied by temp. programmed redn., thermoanal. and CO adsorption. The temp. at which the catalyst was pretreated has a great influence on its adsorption capacity for CO. Both reduced and unreduced samples calcined in air at relatively high temps. adsorbed CO, but the reduced ones adsorbed much larger amts. The adsorption capacity tended to increase with increasing pretreatment temp. The character of CO temp. programmed desorption profiles and the proportions of the individual adsorption forms depend on the pretreatment temp. and the degree of Co redn. CO was adsorbed in 3 forms on species originating in Co-support interactions, metallic CO, and on Co3O4. Calcination in air caused a decrease of both Co redn. and the activity in hydrocarbon synthesis. While the yield of gaseous products remained const., liq. decreased substantially with increasing pretreatment temp., reaching a max. value when the degree of Co redn. was .apprx.40-50%. The av. carbon no. decreased with increasing Co redn. The catalytic properties of Co/SiO2-Al2O3 are more similar to those of Co/SiO2 than of Co/Al2O3, but Co/SiO2Al2O3 catalysts are less efficient in polymn. than either Co/SiO2 or Co/Al2O3. The hypothesis, suggesting that the adsorption centers of weakly bonded CO were involved in the prodn. of lig. hydrocarbons and that the Co oxide species act directly in this synthesis, was confirmed.

ANSWER 17 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

1985:542166 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:142166

TITLE: Reactions of silica-alumina

supported benzylidyne(nonacarbonyl)tricobalt under

hydrogen, carbon monoxide, and synthesis gas

Meyers, Gregory F.; Hall, Michael B. AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Texas A and M Univ., College Station, TX,

77843, USA

SOURCE: Organometallics (1985), 4(10), 1770-5

CODEN: ORGND7; ISSN: 0276-7333

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 103:142166

The cluster PhCCo3(CO)9, contg. a capping PhC group, was supported on SiO2-Al2O3 by wet impregnation (pentane soln.) or dry mixing. The fate of the capping group was traced by monitoring the gas phase liberation of cyclic C6 and C7 hydrocarbons under CO, H2, and CO-H2 atmospheres. For the wet-impregnated material, the presence of CO favors the cyclic C6 product (C-C bond cleavage) and inhibits hydrogenolysis of the capping group (C-Co bond cleavage). A model accounting for this behavior proposes that CO inserts between the C-Co bond of intact surface clusters.